

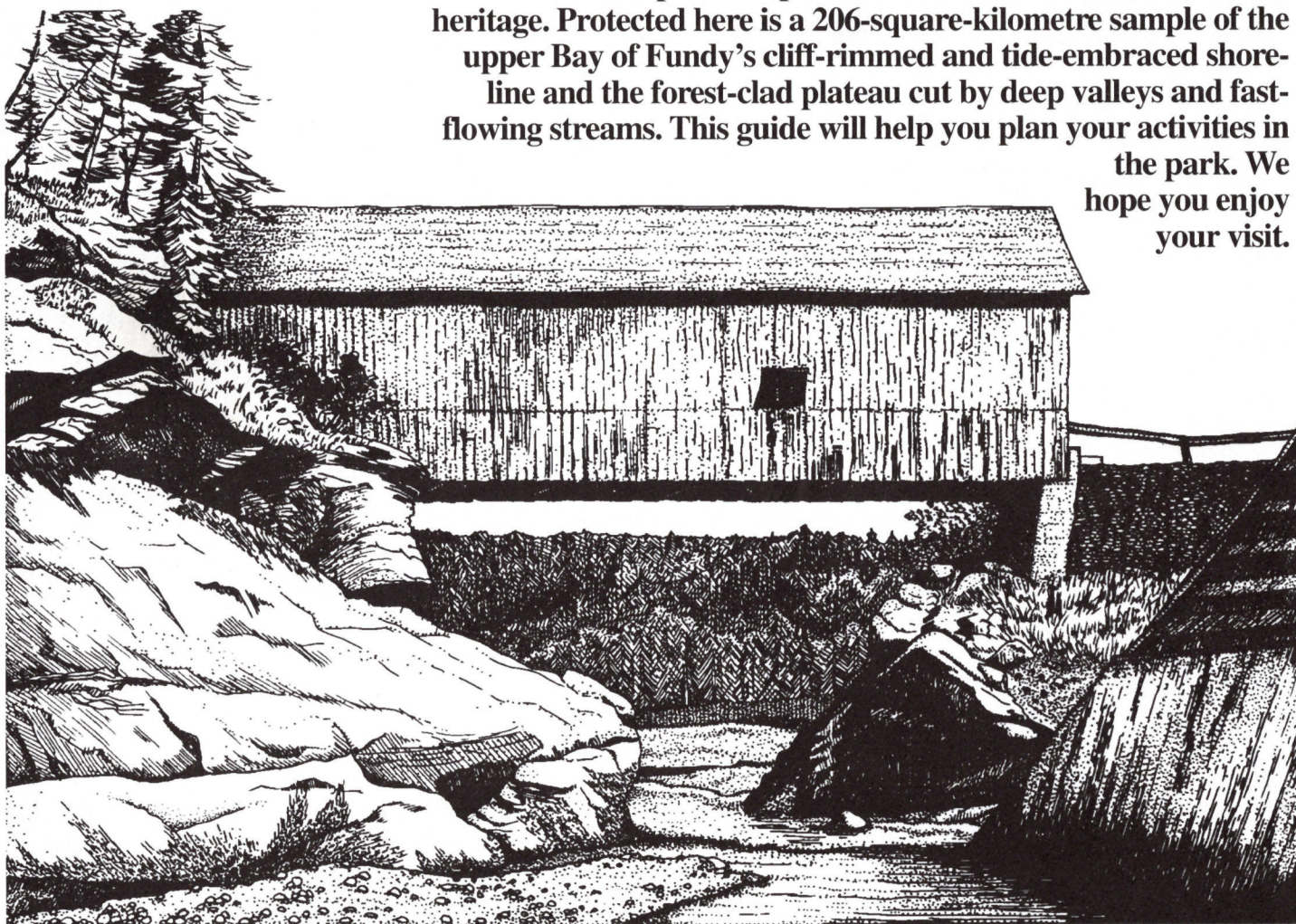
SALT & FIR

A Visitor's Guide to Fundy National Park

1992

Aussi disponible en français

Welcome to Fundy National Park, a special place set aside in 1948 to preserve part of Canada's natural and cultural heritage. Protected here is a 206-square-kilometre sample of the upper Bay of Fundy's cliff-rimmed and tide-embraced shoreline and the forest-clad plateau cut by deep valleys and fast-flowing streams. This guide will help you plan your activities in the park. We hope you enjoy your visit.



"The parks are hereby dedicated to the people of Canada for their benefit, education, and enjoyment... and such parks shall be maintained and made use of so as to leave them unimpaired for the enjoyment of future generations."

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Environment Canada
Parks Service

Environnement Canada
Service des parcs

Canada

Welcome to Fundy National Park—home to the world's highest tides and to some of the best hiking in eastern Canada.

This year, the old and new combine to make the park a special place to visit. A new covered bridge at Point Wolfe, the first to be built in New Brunswick since 1951, replaces the one destroyed in 1990. Its construction is a fitting way to celebrate Canada's cultural heritage during the country's 125th birthday celebrations. New too is the lengthened Dickson Falls trail, now offering a spectacular approach to the falls from below. I invite you to come and rediscover this popular trail during your visit to the park.

Whether you're a golfer, hiker, history buff or naturalist, at Fundy you'll find something to suit you, no matter what your abilities are. The park is also a good source of ideas and examples on how you can "go green," even while you're on vacation! Ask our staff for more information, and "pitch in" while you're here.

This year marks the 75th anniversary of Canada's system of national historic parks and sites, which began across the Bay of Fundy at Fort Anne, Nova Scotia, in 1917. When you plan your excursions around New Brunswick, I encourage you to include our national historic sites—Fort Beauséjour (near Sackville), Carleton Martello Tower (in Saint John), the Acadian Odyssey (near Memramcook), Beaubears Island (near Newcastle), and the St. Andrews Blockhouse (in St. Andrews).

Enjoy your stay in Fundy!



Mart Johanson
Superintendent

1992/93 SPECIAL EVENTS

May 23, 1992	10th Annual Spring Hike - launch the 1992 hiking season with this outing along the Black Hole trail.
June 7	Official Opening of the Dickson Falls Trail Extension - part of Fundy's Environment Week celebrations.
July 1	Official Re-Opening of the Point Wolfe Covered Bridge - a unique way to celebrate Canada's 125th birthday!
July 18	Parks Day - a day for special activities in parks across the country. Watch for details.
August 28-29	Nova East '92 - star-gazing with high-power telescopes and other astronomy events presented by the Halifax Centre of the Royal Astronomical Society of Canada and the Saint John Astronomical Society.
September 12-13	Fundy Open Golf Tournament
Mid-February 1993	Fundy Loppet - 7th annual cross-country ski event sponsored by the Chignecto Ski Club. Fun for the whole family and for skiers of all abilities.



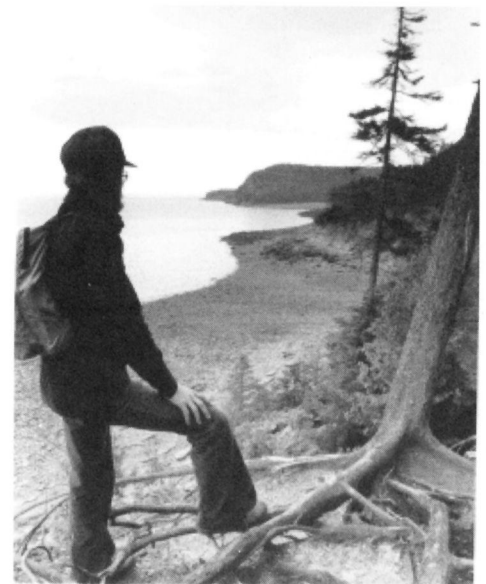
Our cover shows the old Point Wolfe covered bridge (1910 - 90), drawn by former Park Interpreter Odette Barr. For more information on Fundy's covered bridges, see page 16.



Look for this sign throughout the newsletter: it will warn you of hazards in the national park.



The title for this guide was borrowed from a well-known writer and former resident of Point Wolfe village, the late Maimie Steeves. She called the citizens of the area that is now Fundy National Park "the people of the salt and the fir," because of their dependence on the sea and forest.



Herring Cove from Devil's Half Acre

(Photo: Brian Townsend)

THERE IS ALWAYS A LOT TO DO AT FUNDY

Vehicle Entrance Permits

From June 26 to September 7 a permit is required to visit the park.

Permit fees:

one day	\$5.00
four days	\$10.00
annual	\$30.00
local annual	\$20.00

Golfing

Fundy National Park has a nine-hole golf course. Open May 15 to October 12.	Green fees: one round\$8.75 one day\$16.50 four days\$49.50 seven days\$82.50
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Boating

Park lakes are open to non-motorized craft. Canoes and rowboats may be rented at Bennett Lake for \$3.00 to \$5.00/hour.

Lawn Bowling

Located beside the restaurant. Open May 15 to October 12, green conditions permitting Bowling equipment for rent at the Pro Shop at \$1.25/hour/person.

Playground

"Homes of Fundy" is an adventure-style playground in which children can imitate the actions of some of the park's animals. Located in the Administration area, near the restaurant.

Swimming

The supervised salt water pool, heated to 25°C, is open June 26 to September 7 from 11:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m. (last admission at 6:30 p.m.).

Pool fees:

children 16 & under- 1 day	\$1.25	adult- 1 day	\$2.00
children 16 & under-7 days	\$6.00	adult- 7 days	\$10.25
children 16 & under-season	\$28.75	adult-season	\$45.75
family-seven days			\$25.00

Free admission for campers (get your hand stamped at the campground kiosk). Swimsuits and towels may be rented.

Unsupervised swimming is available at the Bennett Lake and Wolfe Lake beaches. Swimming in the Bay of Fundy is best at Waterside or Dennis beach, 12 kilometres east of the park on Hwy. 915.

Tennis

Three paved courts in the Administration area, beside the restaurant. Open May 15 to October 12. Racquets and balls for rent at the Pro Shop for \$1.55/hour.

Scenic Drives

Maple Grove and Hastings are one-way gravel roads that form a loop. Maple Grove road winds up a hardwood-clad slope, while Hastings road passes through second-growth spruce and fir forest and old fields. As the road drops toward the coast, a panoramic view of the Bay of Fundy appears. Not recommended for trailers or campers because of the steep grades and low-hanging branches.

Laverty road offers a trip over rolling hills through the heart of Fundy's forest. You might stroll down to Laverty Lake, where pitcher plants grow along the boggy shore and where beavers may be observed in the evening. A wonderful drive in early October, when autumn colors are at their best. Return to Hwy. 114 via the back roads—the Forty-five crosses a covered bridge; the Old Shepody was the "immigrants' road" and is one of the oldest in New Brunswick.

Mountain Bike Trails

The use of mountain bikes is allowed only on certain trails: Goose River, Marven Lake, Black Hole, Bennett Brook, (up to top of Point Wolf valley), and East Branch (take the right-hand side to the river and return the same way). All these trails were once logging roads. The other hiking trails are not built to withstand the wear and tear of bicycles; nor do they offer enough space for both hikers and bikers.  Avoid accidents: remember that you're sharing the trail with hikers.

Fishing

A national park fishing permit, available at campground kiosks and information centres, is required.

Permit fees:

one day	\$4.00
seven days	\$6.00
annual	\$13.00

The brook trout season is May 16 to September 15. Fundy National Park is closed to Atlantic salmon angling in 1992. Please note that the Point Wolfe River, including Bennett Brook up to the lower falls, is closed to all angling.

Picnic Areas

You can picnic anywhere providing that you remove all litter, park your car in a safe place and do not disturb any wildlife. The following are formal picnic areas with tables, garbage cans, and dry toilets. **Bennett Lake** offers swimming, boat rentals, fishing, open shelters, barbecue grills, and two hiking trails. **Herring Cove** has enclosed shelters with stoves, barbecue grills, an exhibit with telescope, a beach, and three trails. **Kinnie Brook** on Hwy. 114 has barbecue grills and a self-guiding trail. **Point Wolfe**, overlooking the river, has barbecue grills, an exhibit, a telescope, interpretive signs, four trails and a beach nearby. **Wolfe Lake** has swimming, information panels, and access to the information centre and book shop. The **Administration area** has flush toilets, information panels and picnic tables.

Hiking

There are more than 120 kilometres of trails in the park, ranging from 30-minute strolls to the Fundy Circuit, a three- to five-day backpacking route. For more information on trails see pages 12 and 13.

TIPS TO HELP YOU HAVE A SAFE AND MEMORABLE VACATION

Some precautions are necessary to ensure that you and your family have a safe visit and that the park is preserved in a natural state.



Wildlife Observing wildlife is an exciting part of any national park visit. We ask, however, that you treat the animals with respect and keep the following regulations in mind. **Feeding wildlife is strictly forbidden.** Unnatural food can harm animals and cause them to rely on undependable food sources. Animals that are fed frequently may expect handouts and become aggressive towards humans. Once they lose their fear of people, animals are more likely to wander onto roads, where they may be hit by passing traffic and where they are more susceptible to poaching.

Collecting Under the National Parks Act it is illegal to disturb or collect any plants, animals, rocks, shells, or artifacts.



Swimming A swim in the Bay of Fundy can be refreshing (to say the

least) when the tide is high on a hot summer day, but beware of possible tidal currents and undertow if the waves are large.

Swimming in park rivers can also be enjoyable. The following precautions must be taken to ensure that the water conditions are safe.

1. Do not swim where the current is strong.
2. Never swim alone.
3. Never dive into the river, even if it appears to be deep enough (in many pools rocks are hidden just below the surface).

Fires Campfires are only permitted in the fireplaces. Please don't collect twigs, leaves, and bark as fire-starting material. They are a natural fertilizer and mulch for ground plants and young trees.

Firearms The use of firearms in national parks is prohibited. Guns may be transported on Hwy. 114, and the Shepody and Forty-five roads only, and they must be encased or dismantled.

Litter Keep Fundy clean by putting your garbage in the containers provided. When hiking, please respect the pack-in, pack-out policy by carrying all of your garbage back to the trash can at the trailhead.



River Crossings The Upper Salmon River, Bennett Brook and Rattail trails require the fording of a river. At times when the water is unusually high, these crossings can be hazardous. Water levels are monitored by the Park Wardens. The crossings are closed when conditions are extreme. Signs at the trailheads will indicate if the crossings are closed. If at any time you feel uneasy about the water conditions, turn around and retrace your steps.

Pets They must be kept on a leash or in an enclosed vehicle at all times.

WHERE TO CAMP

Family Camping For your camping pleasure we offer you two climates—heat and sun at Chignecto and Wolfe Lake, cooler temperatures and sea breezes at Headquarters and Point Wolfe. Chignecto is a large, wooded campground. Wolfe Lake is a small, unserviced, lakeside campground. Headquarters has unscreened sites for tents, trailers and RV's with many services nearby (outdoor theatre, golf course, swimming pool, playground, tennis courts, and the village of Alma). Point Wolfe is a quiet, open area with some of the park's best scenery and trails.

Campsites are allocated on a first-come, first-served basis. Reservations are not accepted. If space is not available in the fully-serviced sites at Headquarters, you may place your name on a waiting list and attend a roll call the following day.

Wilderness Camping

There are wilderness campsites on the Goose River, Marven Lake, Tracey Lake, Rattail and Upper Salmon River trails. To use these, campers must register in advance at the Alma beach or Wolfe Lake information centre or at the Point Wolfe campground; or telephone (506) 887-2000.

Your co-operation with our pack-in, pack-out policy will ensure clean sites for future campers. Campfires are permitted where fireplaces are provided. Use of backpacking stoves is desirable because of their very small impact on the environment.



Photo: Barrett and MacKay

Group Camping The Micmac group campground is available to organized groups wishing to have an educational or recreational experience in a natural setting, while respecting the environment and other visitors. The consumption of alcoholic beverages is not allowed in the group campground.

INTERPRETERS SHARE FUNDY'S SECRETS

From late June to mid-October, Fundy National Park offers free interpretive services to help you discover the natural and cultural wonders of the Fundy coast. A detailed schedule of these events is posted on park bulletin boards and at park information centres and campground kiosks.

Guided walks go ahead, no matter what the weather. Why not join us for a refreshing walk in the rain? When the weather is inhospitable, evening programs at the Headquarters outdoor theatre move indoors to the Assembly Hall, as do the daily KIDSTUFF events.

Guided Walks. Beach walks are offered most days during July and August. For a couple of hours, you'll explore the bottom of the sea, watch the tide rise and glimpse a world of unusual creatures. Distance walked is usually less than one kilometre. Longer guided walks explore Fundy's forests and rivers.

Evening Programs. Slides, music and drama will take you on a special journey through the park or into the past. Programs last about one hour and start near dusk. If the night feels cool, bring a coat or blanket. If it's warm, bring insect repellent.

Campfire Programs. Songs, stories and a cheery blaze are the ingredients of these programs, presented once a week at the campfire circle across the highway from Chignecto campground. Bring your best singing voice, a flashlight, and a mug for something warm.

Kidstuff. Children 6 to 12 years old explore the outdoors with games, drama



(Photo: Brian Townsend)

and art. Carrying the message "play gently in the national park so that it will always be here to enjoy," these events last one hour. Check the bulletin board for details.

Morning Campfires. Coffee's on! And the tea and hot chocolate! Join us Sunday mornings, 10 a.m. to noon, at the fireplace beside site #31 in Headquarters campground. Drop by with a mug and enjoy a visit with park staff and other travellers. If you're a "day-tripper" or staying elsewhere, park beside the Assembly Hall and follow the short trail to the campfire.

Special Events. Woodland walks. Star-gazing. Bird-watching. Watch the bulletin boards for special events throughout the summer. Participation may be limited for some activities. If so, you can pick up free advance tickets at the Alma Beach information centre.

Special Requests. If you are bringing an organized group to the park and would like a Park Interpreter for a guided event or talk, contact the Personal Program Co-ordinator at least one week in advance. Orientation talks for bus tours are available at the information centres. These services are available year-round. Call (506) 887-2000.

WINTER AT FUNDY

Fundy doesn't hibernate when the snow falls. It's a lively place with plenty to do: tobogganing, snowshoeing, winter camping, wildlife watching and, most popular of all, cross-country skiing. Fifty kilometres of groomed trails cross gentle slopes or descend challenging downhill runs. Most trails depart from Chignecto South campground; a lighted trail for night skiing loops through Chignecto North campground.

Try winter camping at Headquarters campground. Heated washrooms at the back of the Administration building and two enclosed kitchen shelters with wood stoves make your cold weather adventure a little more comfortable. Winter camping farther off the beaten track is available at the Lavery Cabin, an eight-kilometre ski in along the Lavery road; at the Micmac shelter, where the Point Wolfe and Hastings roads meet (these are ski trails in winter); and at the Goose River, Chambers Lake and Marven Lake backcountry campsites. To get you started on your snow-season adventure, consult the park's winter Guide. Ask for one at the information centres during the summer and fall, or by phone or mail at any time of year.



(Photo: Brian Townsend)

THE GREENING OF FUNDY

In 1992 Fundy National Park is a "greener" place, much of it through the ideas and efforts of the park's environmental action group—the Green Committee. The group evaluates suggestions from park staff and, where practical, puts them into action. Here are some of their successes.

Park flowerbeds and the golf course are greener than ever before as organic fertilizers replace most chemical fertiliz-

ers. Insects on the ornamental flowers are controlled by the use of natural insecticides and by the hand-picking of bugs. Plants removed from the flowerbeds are composted in the fall. The compost is mixed with sand and topsoil and is used to top-dress the golf course greens. Campers at Point Wolfe will be able to contribute to the ongoing success of the compost project by pitching in their food wastes to a compost bin at the campground—new in '92. If you want to know more about Fundy's environmentally friendly groundskeeping, contact Rod Lutes of our General Works staff.

campground exits and information centres welcome all those brochures and newspapers cluttering up your car. Collected and sorted on a weekly basis, all clean copies of brochures are handed out again. This publication you're reading is composed of at least 50% recycled fibre content, is printed with vegetable inks and is, of course, recyclable.

Your enthusiasm for recycling glass, plastic and aluminum has surpassed all



There are recycling depots throughout the park.
(Photo: Brian Townsend)

Paper recycling takes many forms at Fundy. Publication re-use boxes at all

A GARBAGE-FREE VACATION

Park Publications. Recycle your brochures for use by other visitors by placing them in the re-use bins at campground exits or park information centres.

Recyclable Materials. Clear glass, coloured glass, aluminum cans, household plastic containers and plastic bags are all accepted at the recycling depots throughout the park.

Aluminum cans need no preparation before disposal. Wash out your glass containers and remove any metal such as caps (no need to remove the labels!). Rinse out all plastic containers—the whole load of plastic cannot be recycled if it includes unwashed items.

Composting. If you are camping near one of our composting pilot projects, you are encouraged to deposit your food wastes in the composter. Do **not** deposit meat, fat, bones or shells.

GREEN TIPS



When picnicking, be sure to separate your waste into the recycling bins and garbage cans.

When recycling, remove aluminum or plastic tops from glass bottles before dropping them into the bins.

SERVICES AND ACCOMMODATION INSIDE THE PARK

Lodging

Fundy Park Chalets P. O. Box 72 Alma, N. B. EOA 1B0 Housekeeping units. Craft store. (506) 887-2808.

Caledonia Highlands Inn P. O. Box 99 Alma, N. B. EOA 1B0 Housekeeping units. (506) 887-2930 or (506) 372-9778

Fundy National Park C.H.A. Hostel- on Devil's Half Acre Road (506) 887-2216

Food and Drink

Clubhouse Restaurant and Coffee Shop, open May 15.

Books

Fundy Guild Bookshop at the Alma Beach information centre and the Wolfe Lake information centre.

Medical Services

First aid is available at all campground kiosks and information centres.

Sunday Religious Services

Roman Catholic Mass at the Assembly Hall, 11:00 a.m. each Sunday in July and August.

Park Emergency Number

882-2281 (24 hrs.)

PARK INFORMATION CENTRES

Whether your visit is for an hour, a day or a week, our staff can help you plan your activities so that you get the most of your stay.

Alma Beach Information Schedule

Open May 15-October 12

Summer hours:

June 19-September 7
9:00 a.m. to 9:00 p.m.

Spring/Autumn hours:

May 15-June 16
10:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.
September 8-October 12
10:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.

Wolfe Lake Information Schedule

Open May 15-18, June 19-September 7
9 a.m. to 9 p.m.

Information is also available at the Administration Building, Monday through Friday (except on statutory holidays), 8:15 a.m. to 12:00 noon, 12:45 p.m. to 4:30 p.m.; or telephone (506) 887-2000.

ACCESS TO FACILITIES FOR VISITORS WITH DISABILITIES



Canada's national parks are providing more recreational and learning experiences for visitors of all physical abilities. At Fundy National Park the Headquarters campground offers a campsite, shower and washroom accessible by wheelchair. The two information centres are accessible, as are the washrooms at Wolfe Lake. At both Alma beach and Point Wolfe there is an accessible boardwalk and lookoff. The Headquarters outdoor theatre can be reached by wheelchair from a pull-out on the Point Wolfe road. For visitors with reduced vision, publications and exhibits are now produced in larger type size and with improved contrast; this magazine is one example. Improved services will soon be put in place for hearing impaired visitors.

If you have comments that may assist us in improving services for visitors with disabilities, we'd be happy to hear from you.

CAMPGROUND CHART

	Micmac Group Tenting Year-round by reservation	Chignecto June 19 - Sept. 20	Headquarters May 13 - Oct. 12	Point Wolfe June 26 Sept. 7	Wolfe Lake May 15 - Oct. 12
No. of primitive sites					32
No. of unserviced sites		212	103	181	
No. of electrical hook-ups		56			
No. of three-way hook-ups			29		
Winter camping (no charge)			✓		
Fireplaces and wood	✓	✓			
Dumping station		✓	✓		
Shelters and wood stoves	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Playground		✓	✓	✓	
Laundry				✓	
Showers and flush toilets		✓	✓	✓	

Camping fees

Fees	per night	4 nights	7 nights
Wolfe Lake	\$6.00	\$18.00	\$30.00
Point Wolfe	\$7.75	\$23.25	\$38.75
Chignecto (unserviced)	\$7.75	\$23.25	\$38.75
Chignecto (electrical)	\$11.00	\$33.00	\$55.00
Headquarters (unserviced)	\$10.00	\$30.00	\$50.00
Headquarters (hook-ups)	\$15.50	\$46.50	\$77.50

Group tenting is \$1.25/person/night.

SERVICES AND ACCOMMODATION OUTSIDE THE PARK

Food and Drink: Open Year-Round

Harbourview Market and Lunch Bar, Alma
MacDonald's Self-Service, groceries and snack bar, Alma
N. B. Liquor Commission, Alma
Albert County Variety, Riverside-Albert
Morrissey's Groceries, Riverside-Albert
Maple's Canteen, take-out, Riverside-Albert
Woodworth's Groceries, Hopewell Hill
Rocks View Variety, groceries and take-out, Hopewell Cape
Kaye's Corner Store, Penobsquis

Food and Drink: Open Spring/Summer/Fall Only

Bake Shop, Alma
High Tide Family Restaurant, Alma
Fundy Take-Out, Fundy View Drive, Alma
The Lobster Shop, Ocean Drive, Alma
Butland's Fundy Lobster, Hwy. 114, 2 km east of Alma
Parkland Dining Room & Take-Out, Alma
Shepody Lounge, in the Parkland Hotel, Alma
Old Bank of New Brunswick, café, Riverside-Albert
Red Roof Restaurant, Riverside-Albert
Log Cabin Restaurant, Hopewell Cape
Steeves' Family Restaurant, 3 km east of Hopewell Cape
Ginger Bread House Bakery, Penobsquis

Lodging: Inns and Motels

Alpine Motor Inn, Alma, 887-2052, some housekeeping units
Anchor Inn, Alma, 887-2801
Bayview Motel, Alma, 887-2103, trailer hook-ups available
Burns' Central Motel, Alma, 887-2909, some housekeeping units
Captain's Inn, Alma, 887-2017
Hilltop Motel, Alma, 887-2401, some housekeeping units
Parkland Hotel, Alma, 887-2313
Hopewell Rocks Motel, Hopewell Cape, 734-2975
Steeves' Family Cottages, Hopewell Cape, 734-2551
Pine Cone Motel, Penobsquis, 433-3958
Timberland Motor Inn, Penobsquis, 433-2480

Lodging: Bed-and-Breakfast Establishments

Babbling Brook, Riverside-Albert, 882-2079
Broadleaf Farm, Hopewell Hill, 882-2349
Broadleaf Too, Hopewell Hill, 882-2803
Cleveland Place, Alma, 887-2213
Dutch Treat Farm, Hopewell Hill, 882-2552
Florentine Manor, Harvey, 882-2271
Turner's Inn, Marys Point Road, 882-2329
Aiko's Villa, Hopewell Cape, 734-3160
Braeside, Hopewell Cape, 734-2524
First Mate's, Hopewell Cape, 734-3208
Pollock's Heritage Farm, Hopewell Cape, 734-2252
Sheriff's Inn, Hopewell Cape, 734-3013
Ye Olde Schoolhouse, Hopewell Cape, 734-2719

Campgrounds and Camping Supplies

Bayview Trailer Park, Alma
Cape Enrage Campground, Cape Enrage Road off Hwy. 915
Broadleaf Farm Camping, Hopewell Hill

Ponderosa Pines Park, 3 km west of Hopewell Cape on Hwy. 114
KOA, Penobsquis
Lone Pine Park, Penobsquis
Pine Cone Trailer Park, Penobsquis
Shell Station, camping supplies, Main St., Alma

Crafts and Souvenirs

Alpine Gift Shop, Main St., Alma
Cleveland Place, Main St., Alma
Granny Nook in Harbourview Market, Main St., Alma
Lonesome Rose Pottery, off Hwy. 114 twelve km east of Alma
Mountain Ash Crafts, Hwy. 915, Harvey
R&J Homestead Craft Barn, Hopewell Cape
Magic Lantern Shells and Gifts, Penobsquis

Gas Stations

Esso; Betts, Riverside-Albert
Irving; Alma
Shell; Alma
Ultramar; Maples Canteen, Riverside-Albert,
Rocks View Variety, Hopewell Cape

Car Repair

Lyman's Garage, West river, on Hwy. 114 twelve km east of Alma
Dixon's Repair Shop, Hopewell Hill

Post Office

Main St., Alma

Medical Services

Clinic in Riverside-Albert, 882-2911
Hospital in Riverside-Albert, 24 km east of the park, 882-2750
Pharmacy, Riverside-Albert, 882-2226

Sunday Religious Services

United Church, Main St., Alma, 11:00 a.m.
United Baptist Church, Main St., Alma, 9:45 a.m.

Public Transportation

The nearest bus and rail terminals are in Moncton and Sussex
The nearest airports are in Moncton and Saint John

Bank

Bank of Nova Scotia, Riverside-Albert Open Monday to Friday

Laundromat

Main St., Alma, adjacent to Parkland Hotel

Recreation

Roller skating at the outdoor rink, Alma (skates for rent)
Horseback riding at Broadleaf farm, Hopewell Hill, 882-2349
Mini-golf at Steeves' Family Cottages, Hopewell Cape

Crime Stoppers: 1-800-222-8477

THE JOY OF EXPLORING FUNDY ON FOOT

Advance planning will ensure that you enjoy a safe and comfortable hike. A sweater and windbreaker are good insurance against Fundy's variable weather. Footwear with good traction and support is recommended, such as running shoes or lightweight boots. Avoid heavy lug-soled boots; they tear up the park's shallow soil.

Plan to carry out any food or packaging that you carry in. Littering in a national park is an offence. For toilet needs, use the privies at the trailhead or move off the trail and bury the toilet paper in the ground, where it will decompose out of sight. Making fires along the trails is prohibited.

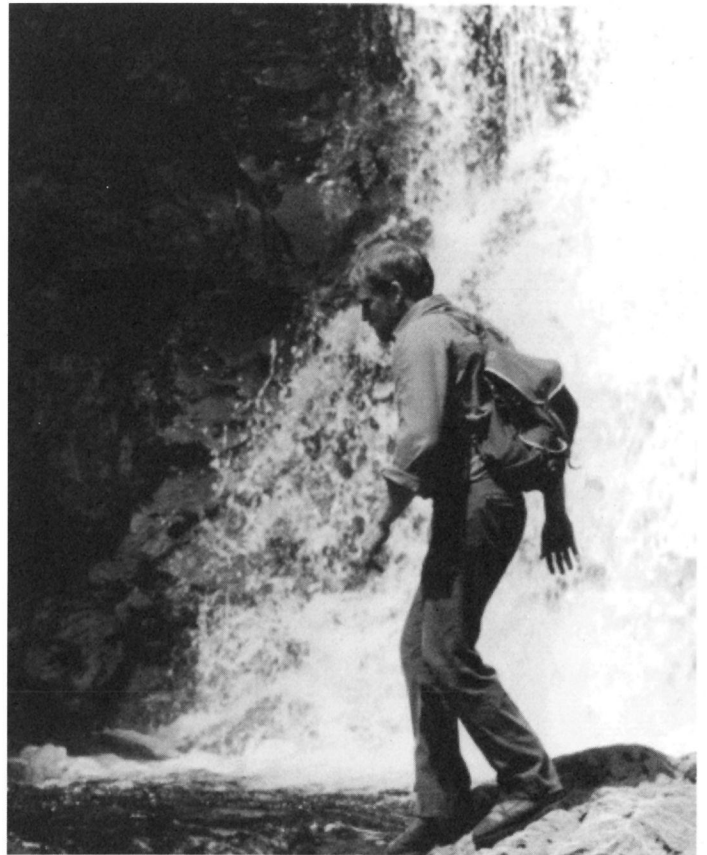
Please note that the time suggested for each trail is the average hiking time and includes only brief stops. A waterproof topographic map with trail profiles can be bought at the information centres. Vehicle parking is available at all trail heads.

The Fundy Circuit

The Fundy Circuit is a 50-kilometre hiking trail that provides a three- to five-day hike to many of the park's outstanding features: river valleys, coastal vistas, small lakes, and hardwood slopes. Along the route are three wilderness campsites and two campgrounds. The circuit links seven trails: Coastal, Marven Lake, Bennett Brook, Tracey Lake, Laverty Falls, and Upper Salmon River. We suggest hiking the circuit as listed so that your pack is lighter for the three crossings on the Broad and Upper Salmon Rivers. Also, should you get soaked on one of the crossings, the end of the trail is not far away.

The Fundy Challenge

Why not accept the challenge to hike 100 kilometres in Canada's national parks? Designed to encourage walking and hiking on the park trails, the Fundy Challenge imposes no time limit for reaching the 100-kilometre target. Occasional day-hikers can participate as easily as avid backpackers. A minimum of 10 kilometres must be walked in Fundy; the remaining 90 kilometres can be completed in any Canadian national park. Each hike should be recorded in the official hiking log and



*Several trails lead to spectacular waterfalls
(Photo: Michael Burzynski)*

initialled by a park employee. Hiking logs are available at Fundy's information centres. Participation in the Fundy Challenge is free, but upon completion participants will be asked to pay a token fee for the pin. Awards will be given for each additional 100 kilometres hiked. **Fundy Challenge Hikes** are organized and led by park staff during the summer. If you like doing a trail with other hikers, check the schedule on the bulletin boards for these group hikes.

Self-guiding Trails

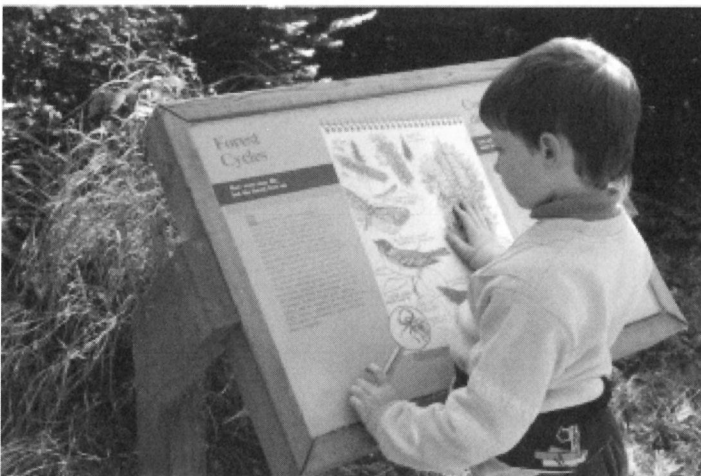
While you explore the park at your own pace, you can learn about its natural and cultural features by walking the self-guiding trails.

Signs along the **Caribou Plain** trail explain the different habitats of the Acadian forest.

Kinnie Brook and **Dickson Falls** trails offer a taste of the water-carved valleys that slice through the Caledonia Highlands.

Devil's Half Acre is a haunting reminder that Fundy's geology is livelier than you might expect.

East Branch trail leads you through a forest of tall red spruce and yellow birch, with remnants of the days of the loggers' river drives and signs to explain these.



*Sign on the Caribou Plain trail.
(Photo: Brian Townsend)*

FUNDY NATIONAL PARK PARC NATIONAL FUNDY



FUNDY TRAILS FOR WALKERS AND HIKERS

Park trails are grouped into three categories: easy, moderate, and difficult. Easy trails do not have any major hills. Moderate trails require climbing occasional hills. Difficult trails include extreme grades, rough terrain, and/or river fords.

TRAIL NAME	EASE	LENGTH	TIME	HIGHLIGHTS
COASTAL				
Herring Cove Beach	moderate	0.5 km loop	20 min.	Access to beach and tidal cave, return via stairs (on south side of cove) and old road, lookoff to left via Coastal trail.
Shiphaven	easy	0.5 km (one way)	15 min.	Trail offers magnificent view of the Point Wolfe River estuary.
Point Wolfe Beach	moderate	0.3 km (one way)	10 min.	Access to beach via boardwalk and stairs through tall red spruce forest.
Devil's Half Acre	easy	1.1km loop	30 min.	Split rocks and mossy gullies attributed to a quarrel with the devil.
Matthews Head	moderate	1.5 km (one way)	¾-1 hr.	Old wagon road through balsam fir and fern glades, former home- stead with rock foundations, grassy meadows and breathtaking panorama of the bay. Supervise children at cliff-top overlooking the bay.
Coppermine	moderate	4.4 km loop	2-2½ hr.	Small footbridges over mossy brooks , cool shaded forest, old mine site, splendid view of Fundy Coast, good for bird-watching.
Coastal	difficult	3.2 km pool area to Herring Cove	1½-2 hr	Sea cliffs and vistas of the bay, ridge-top view of rolling hills, Matthews Head, Squaws Cap sea stack, fern glades, and lush coastal forest.
		6.9 km Herring Cove to Point Wolfe	2-2½ hr	Old cart track with roadside wildflowers, view of Martin Head, wide sand bar at Goose River sheltering a small salt marsh, rugged cliffs at river mouth.
	moderate	7.9 km (one way)	2-2½ hr.	

WATERFALLS

Dickson Falls	easy/moderate	1.5 km loop	30 min	Boardwalk through cool valley , tumbling cascades, waterfall.
Third Vault Falls	difficult	3.7 km (one way)	1-1½ hr.	Park's tallest waterfall (16 m) in deep valley, invigorating pool at its base, mist-bathed rock amphitheatre, steep climb back to trailhead.
Lavery Falls	moderate	2.5 km to the brook (another 2.6 km to Shepody Rd.)	1-1½ hr	Curtain waterfall , hardwood forest on the slope mixing with conifers near the brook and out to Shepody Road, gradual slope to the brook.
			1-1½ hr	

RIVER VALLEYS

Kinnie Brook	moderate	1.4 km (one way)	¾ hr.	Steep-walled valley , disappearing stream, lush vegetation on floodplain.
Foster Brook	moderate	1.9 km (one way)	1 hr.	Atlantic salmon restored to Point Wolfe River, wide cobble bar and floodplain, trail through shaded forest.
Upper Salmon River <i>See maps 1, 2 & 3 below.</i>	easy	2.6 km Lavery to Moosehorn	1 hr.	Alder-lined floodplain, steep valley , old logging dams, rapids, waterfalls, water-worn potholes, salmon pools; difficult section with rock-scrambling between Moosehorn and the Forks. (If hiking the loop, easier to go down Moosehorn or the Forks and up Lavery.)
	very difficult	1.8 km Moosehorn to Forks (2 fords)	1 hr.	
	difficult	4.1 km Forks to Black Hole (2 fords)	1½-2 hr.	
	difficult	4.7 km Black Hole to HQ (1 ford)	2 hr.	
Moosehorn <i>See maps 1 & 2.</i>	moderate to river difficult return	2.2 km (one way)	1-1½ hr.	Named after a logger's portage , steep descent to the river, smooth riverbank rocks, potholes. Moosehorn and Forks trails connect (see Upper Salmon River).
The Forks <i>See maps 1 & 2.</i>	moderate to river difficult return	3.4 km (one way)	1½-2 hr.	Confluence of the Broad River , with its deep pools and scoured banks, and the Forty-Five River, with its beckoning canyon and Matchfactory gorge upstream.

Black Hole <i>See map 3 below.</i>	easy to river moderate return difficult	5.5 km (one way)	2 hr.	Old road overarched by hardwoods ; at the river, Atlantic salmon rest in the Black Hole in the fall before moving upstream to spawn.
Rattail  <i>See map 4 below.</i>		5.4 km to the river (1 ford) (another 1.4 km to Marven Lake trail)	2-2½ hrs. 45 min.	Old farmstead with panoramic view of the bay, trail traces a loggers' path down to bouldery shallows of the Point Wolfe River, ford 100 m upstream, steep climb to Marven Lake trail through old growth red spruce forest.
Bennett Brook <i>See map 5 below.</i>	easy difficult (2 fords)	6 km to the river (another 1.7 km. to Marven Lake trail)	1½-2 hr. 1 hr.	Trail along upper edge of brook valley , spectacular view from bluff 150 m above the river, lower part of brook has falls and rapids first ford on Bennett Brook, second ford on Pt. Wolfe R. 50 m upstream, rocky climb to Marven Lake trail with glimpses of the river valleys far below.

FOREST LIFE

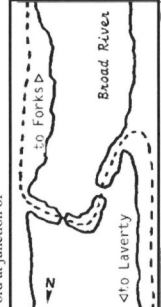
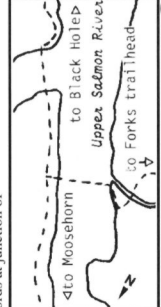
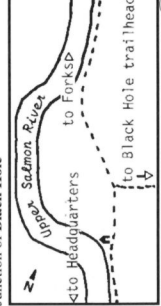
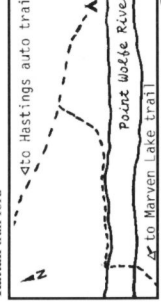
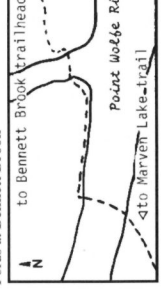
Shaded Maples	easy	0.5 km loop	15-30 min.	Young hardwood forest , quartz outcrops, small springs, large variety of ferns carpeting the forest floor, colourful in fall.
Caribou Plain	easy	3.4 km loop	1-1½ hr.	Raised peat bog , boardwalk through evergreen and hardwood forest, good birdwatching.
East Branch	easy	5.6 km loop	2-2½ hr.	Giant birch and spruce reminiscent of the original forest, relics of the lumbering era: log yard, logging dam, and hauling road to the river.
Whitetail 	moderate moderate difficult moderate easy	2.6km Admin. to Chignecto junction 2.6 km Chignecto junction to Point Wolfe Road 1.9 km Point Wolfe Road to Herring Cove 3.2 km section of Coastal trail to complete 10.3 km loop 0.8 km Chignecto campground to Chignecto junction	1¼ hr. 1¼ hr. 1 hr. 1½ hr. ½ hr.	Prime area for seeing deer , beaver colony, panorama of Maple Grove from ridge south of Point Wolfe Road, views of the bay from Coastal trail.

LAKES

Tracey Lake 	easy	4.1 km Bennett to Tracey Lake	1½ hr.	Links four small lakes , home to moose, black spruce, and pitcher plants. Trail between Laverty Lake and Tracey Lake may have wet areas.
Marven Lake 	easy moderate	2.8 km Tracey to Laverty Lake 8 km (one way)	1 hr. 2-2½ hr.	Leads to Marven and Chambers lakes , wilderness lakes, shallow and dark with acids from their boggy edges, home to brook trout, bullfrogs, moose, and beaver. (See Bennett Brook trail for connector.)

backcountry campsites

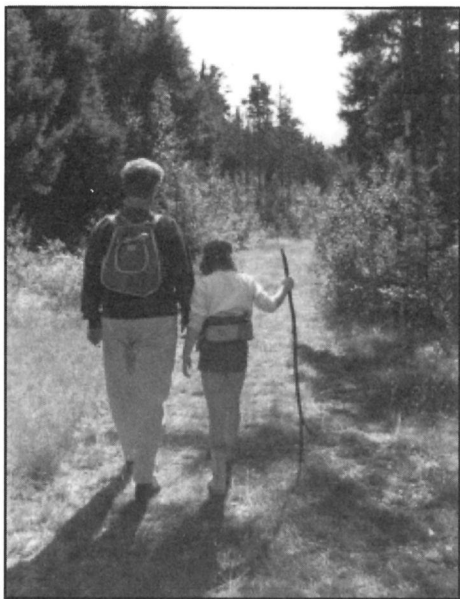
Note. We recommend the more complete trail information to be found in the "Fundy National Park Hiking Trail Guide" or "A Hiking Guide to New Brunswick." Both are available for sale at the information centres.

	Ford at junction of Moosehorn & Upper Salmon River trails		Fords at junction of Forks and Upper Salmon River trails		Junction of Black Hole & Upper Salmon River trails		Rattail trail ford across Point Wolfe River		Fords at Bennett Brook to Bennett Brook trailhead & Point Wolfe River
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SUGGESTIONS FOR TOURS IN FUNDY NATIONAL PARK

Tour the Tidal Coast

This is a one hour tour, following the coast from Alma to Point Wolfe. Make your first stop at Alma beach, opposite the information centre. From the lookoff platform, check out the "tide pole" which graphically illustrates the bay's giant tides.



Fundy on foot.

(Photo: Brian Townsend)

Next, turn off Hwy. 114 onto the Point Wolfe road and follow it to the Herring Cove turnoff. At Herring Cove, an exhibit on the observation deck explains the bay's geology and the plants and animals inhabiting the intertidal zone. Back at the Point Wolfe road intersection, turn left. Drive through the covered bridge—there's an historical exhibit on the west bank of the river. Now drive up the hill, turn left and take a short walk to the spectacular view of a tidal estuary. An exhibit on the park's peregrine falcon re-introduction program highlights the return of this rare species to the Fundy coast.

Scenic Byways

Only have a couple of hours? Take the backroads of Fundy for some scenic drives, particularly in the fall. Turn onto the Hastings road off Hwy. 114 and enjoy a quiet and close-up view of Fundy's forests on your way down to the Point

Wolfe road. Turn right and drive out to the covered bridge and stop for a look at the exhibit. Return to the turnoff for the Hastings and Maple Grove roads and take the Maple Grove road back up to Hwy. 114. Continue down the highway to the panoramic bay overlook. Sorry, no RV's or trailers on the sometimes rough Hastings and Maple Grove roads!

Fundy On Foot.

A day of easy hikes and fascinating explorations. Check the interpretive schedule for the time and place of the day's beach walk, an hour-and-a-half stroll on the bottom of the sea with a Park Interpreter. Follow that up with a half-hour walk into beautiful Dickson Falls, off the Point Wolfe road. Your last hike of the day will be to the Caribou Plain bog, off Hwy. 114 just east of Bennett Lake. Don't forget to record these walks as part of your effort to meet the 100-kilometre Fundy Challenge. Reward yourself with a treat back in Alma village when you're finished.

Got A Day?

Join the day's beach walk (morning or afternoon, depending on the tides). Drive through the Point Wolfe covered bridge and then find out more about its history at the nearby exhibit. A walk to beautiful Dickson Falls, off the Point Wolfe road, will offer a cool respite on a hot day (only a half-hour return hike). Plan a picnic lunch at Bennett Lake off Hwy. 114. Back at the Headquarters recreational area, play a round of golf, a set of tennis or a game of lawn bowling (equipment may be rented at the Pro Shop).

A Two-Day Stay?

For the first day select one of the options above and add in one of the park's interpretive evening programs at an outdoor theatre (they start near dusk—check the interpretive schedule for time and topic). In the morning of the second day take a hike out to Matthews Head, a 3-kilometre return hike, or on the 4.4-kilometre Coppermine loop trail. Both are of moderate difficulty but reward the hiker with expansive views of the bay. Refresh yourself with a swim in the heated saltwater swimming pool in the afternoon.



Viewpoints and signs help you to understand the heritage that Fundy holds in trust for all Canadians. While you explore the park at your own pace, you can learn about its most prominent natural and cultural features.

At the end of the **Alma Beach** boardwalk, signs introduce the wonder of Fundy's tides. Beside the information centre, an exhibit recalls the days when tall spruce trees were harvested for the building of wooden ships.

In the **Administration area**, cartoon style signs tell the story of melting glaciers molding the shape of the land we walk on today.



(Photo: Brian Townsend)

At **Herring Cove**, an exhibit with a telescope focusses on Fundy's coastline, rocks, tides and marine life.

At **Point Wolfe**, by the bridge, a sign relates how Atlantic salmon were restored to the river. At the parking area on the west riverbank is a new exhibit on Fundy's famous covered bridges. On the Point Wolfe Beach trail lookoff, two signs tell the story of the return of Fundy's peregrine falcons.

On Hwy. 114 about one kilometre west of the Administration Building, the **Butland lookoff** signs capture the character of Fundy's climate and reveal the truth about the saying "foggy on the Fundy coast."

EXPLORING ALBERT COUNTY

Outside the park, the rolling hills and sculptured coastline of Albert County offer scenic drives and pleasant rambles. On side roads you will find covered bridges, hidden beaches, fine bird-watching, and a peek into the past. Here are some suggestions.

Dobson Trail (58 km) Starting on the Lavery Falls trail at the Shepody Road in Fundy National Park, this footpath leads to Riverview and Moncton with many entrance and exit points. A map can be obtained at the Fundy Guild sales outlets.

Along Hwy. 915, Alma to Riverside-Albert (32 km)

Dennis and Waterside beaches provide miles of sand, swimmable waters, and great updrafts for kite flying.

Red Head is a tall sea stack that divides Waterside beach from Dennis beach; great for artists and photographers.

Waterside saltmarsh is excellent for bird-watching.

Cape Enrage is the headland (complete with lighthouse) which is visible from Fundy National Park's beaches.

Below the rocky promontory is a surf-pounded beach with wave-washed cobbles and masses of driftwood.

Shepody Bay Western Hemisphere Shorebird Reserve, including Marys Point, has immense flocks of migrating shorebirds in late July and August. Look for the "blue loon" signs at the junction of Hwy. 915 and Marys Point road, and at the parking area. A short trail leads to the beach, viewing platform and exhibit.

Harvey Tidal Dam, on the Shepody River, is visible from Marys Point road. Like the Acadian dykes of old, the dam lets fresh water drain out but prevents salt water from flooding the pastures and haylands that were once saltmarsh. Watch for great blue herons and double-crested cormorants along the river.

Along Hwy. 114, Alma to Riverside-Albert (23 km)

Germantown marshes, part of the Shepody National Wildlife Area, is the site of waterfowl habitat improvement projects and a 7-km hiking trail running through the uplands bordering the south side of the marsh.

Old Bank of New Brunswick at Riverside-Albert houses a museum and a small café. The old lighthouse on the property serves as a crafts sales outlet.

Hopewell Cape, 40 km east of Alma

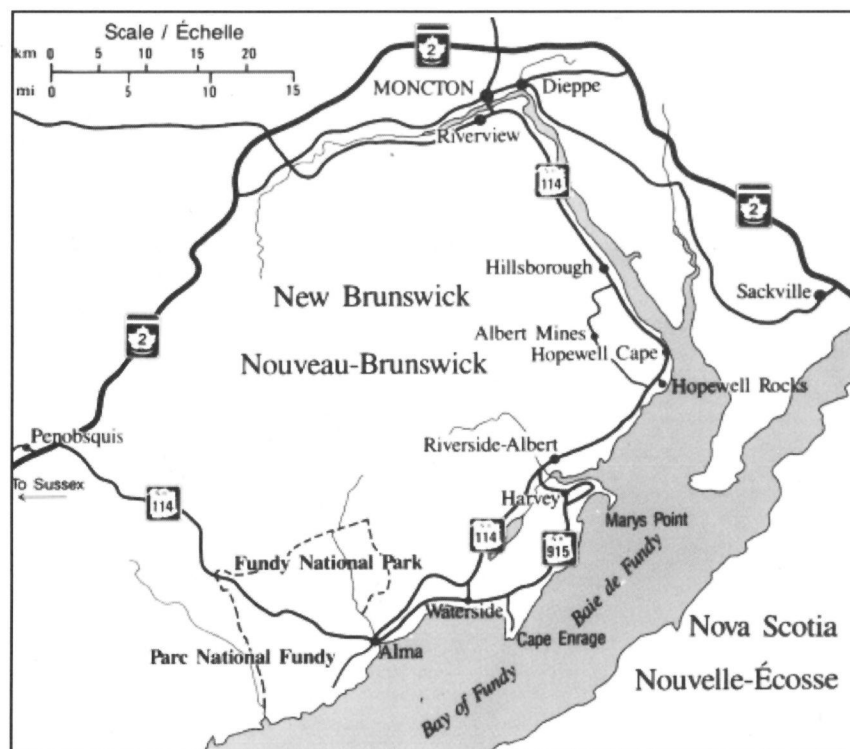
Museum-in-a-Gaol and the old Albert County Courthouse are operated by the Albert County Historical Society, and well worth a visit at any time.

The Rocks Provincial Park is the home of the tall sea stacks known as "the flowerpots." The pillars, caves, and arches are the work of the giant tides. The best time to explore is close to low tide, particularly in the morning when the cliffs and caves are illuminated.

Near Hillsborough, 52 km east of Alma

Abandoned quarries on **Albert Mines road** were a source of gypsum, used in plaster of Paris and drywall paneling.

Restored William Henry Steeves House in Hillsborough was the home of a Father of Confederation.



GET ORIENTED

Fundy National Park and Orienteering New Brunswick will host the 1993 **Canadian Orienteering Championships**, August 28 and 29 of next year. This event will draw both national and international competitors to a course laid out over the park's challenging terrain.

Orienteering involves finding your way cross-country to various hidden checkpoints, using only a compass and a topographic map. This fun and energetic sport is a great activity for all members of the family, and a good way to get to know the landscape and feel confident in a wilderness environment. For more information about the sport, contact your provincial orienteering organization.

THE BRIDGES OF POINT WOLFE

This year at Point Wolfe a new covered bridge has joined together the past and present, combining the Howe truss design patented in 1840 with the construction technology of the 1990s. This is the fifth bridge to span the rocky gorge at the mouth of the river. Let's journey through the last 140 years to glimpse these structures and the people whose determination and ingenuity brought them into existence.

A suspension bridge was built here in 1853 under the direction of Gideon Vernon, who was in charge of the Point Wolfe portion of his father's timber empire. A more substantial 25.7 metre long suspension bridge, with hemlock cribwork abutments, replaced it around 1875. This collapsed into the log-filled holding pond in the summer of 1908.

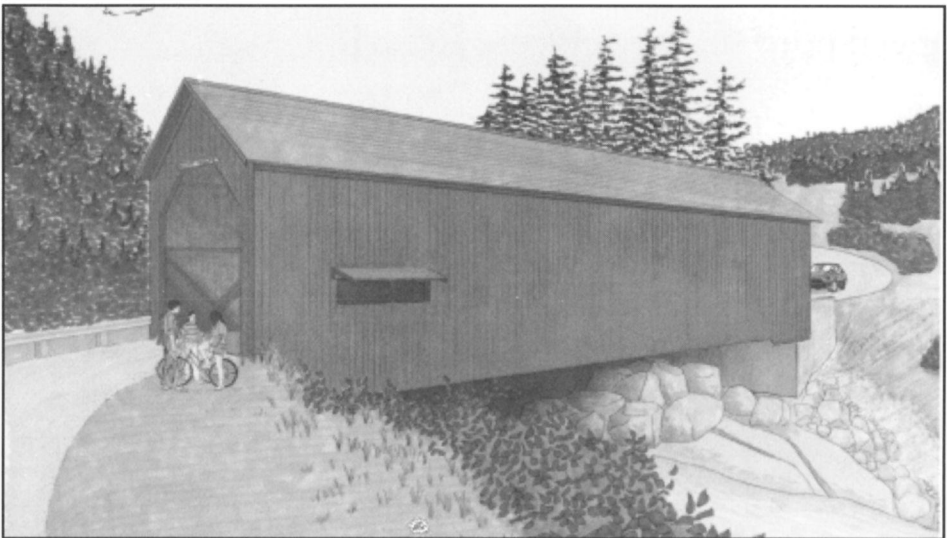
Charles T. White, the lumber baron who owned the Point Wolfe milling operation at the time, prodded the provincial Bridge Department for two years until a wooden Howe truss bridge was built in 1910 by Albert E. Smye, a contractor from Alma. In 1911 it was given a roof and sidewalls. The bridge became a familiar structure to visitors from around the world following the 1948 creation of Fundy National Park.

After the accidental destruction of the 81 year-old covered bridge in 1990, a temporary Bailey bridge spanned the gap. It was replaced in April 1992 by the first covered bridge to be built on a public road in New Brunswick since 1951.

Point Wolfe covered bridge differs from that of 1910. To carry heavier vehicles, the chords, braces and beams are significantly larger. As a result, the new bridge is wider and higher. All the connectors are now metal, and all of the wooden pieces were treated with wood preservatives. Modern building codes prevent the use of the wooden angle blocks and "raw" timber that were features of the old bridge.



Remains of Point Wolfe covered bridge. (Photo: Brian Townsend)



Artist's concept of the replacement bridge

	1910 BRIDGE	1992 BRIDGE
LOAD CAPACITY	12 tonnes	18 tonnes
WIDTH	6.1 metres	6.9 metres
HEIGHT	7.6 metres	8.2 metres
LENGTH	30.0 metres	30.0 metres
TENSION RODS	iron	high-strength steel
CONNECTORS & FASTENERS	cast iron, wrought iron, mild steel	galvanized steel
ANGLE BLOCKS	cast iron, wood	galvanized steel

WHATEVER HAPPENED TO



(Photo: Brian Townsend)

. . . . the 250 to 350 **white-tailed deer** that lived in the park in 1985 and 1986? The deer population reached an all-time high in the mid-1980s as a result of relatively mild winters during the previous decade and a good winter food supply afforded by the growth of a hardwood forest following the spruce budworm outbreak. But the winters of 1987-88 and 1989-90 were severe, and the deer's food supply was covered in deep snow. Then, a cold, wet spring in 1990 caused a higher than normal death rate of newborn fawns from hypothermia.

The result has been a very low deer population for the past two years. Coyotes, which have "colonized" New Brunswick in the last 20 years, do kill deer but are only a minor factor in the lower deer numbers when compared to the weather and food supply

factors. Deer have survived well during the past winter and visitors to Fundy can expect to see more of them this year. However, the tender shoots of the new hardwoods will soon grow up out of the reach of the deer. It will be a long time before we see deer numbers to rival those of the mid-80s.

. . . . the 55 **peregrine falcons** released from the hackboxes at Point Wolfe and Herring Cove from 1982 to 1988? A male named Albert has returned each year since his release in 1984. In 1988 he was joined by Alma, a female set loose in 1987 at Blomidon Provincial Park, Nova Scotia. Alma did not produce eggs in 1988, but she and Albert have nested each year since, rearing nine young in three years. Alma and Albert were sighted again on April 18, 1992, at a probable nest-site.

. . . . the 168,000 **Atlantic salmon** dropped as fingerlings into the Point Wolfe River from 1982-1985? For over a century, salmon were blocked from their upriver migration by the lumber dam at Point Wolfe. Salmon are again entering the river to spawn, but the forecasted population of 300 fish in 1992 has not been realized. All the rivers in the upper Bay of Fundy have had smaller salmon runs in recent years. The exact reasons remain unknown but are under investigation. The Point Wolfe River remains closed to angling.

. . . . the 38 **American marten** reintroduced in Fundy National Park from 1984 to 1989? All of the released marten were ear-tagged and several were outfitted with collars containing miniature radio transmitters. These individuals have been monitored by means of winter tracking and radio telemetry. They have spread throughout the park and into the forests beyond Fundy's boundaries.

Live-trapping during the winter of 1988-89 resulted in the capture of six individuals; five of these did not have ear tags, indicating that they had been born in the park. One or two marten, live-trapped in northern New Brunswick, are released in the park each year to increase the population's genetic diversity.



(Photo: Brian Townsend)

COMPUTERS HELP WARDENS PROTECT PARK

"Fundy is such a well-managed park," say visitors from far and wide. "A perfect place to relax and enjoy nature." Yet it's possible that this park could be threatened by air pollution from North America's industrial heartland, and by additional menaces to land and water from other directions. In fact, this national park is increasingly feeling the impact of external problems. Fundy is approaching these issues with a new tool — a GIS computer system.

To effectively fulfill their role of protecting Fundy's forests, wildlife, air, water and soil from damage, Park Wardens have to know and understand these resources. Resource surveys are a continual process. Taken together, they form the park's Biophysical Inventory. These data have been summarized in the "Fundy

National Park Resource Description and Analysis," a document which covers all of the living and non-living natural aspects of the park as well as cultural features. Set against financial forecasts, this information was used to produce the Park Conservation Plan - the action plan used to direct day-to-day resource management.

A new and powerful computer tool has been acquired to help Wardens and researchers deal with the facts and figures of the park's environmental database. This computer tool, the Geographic Information System (GIS) has the ability to store data and to produce maps displaying this information. Often in the past, information in one database could not be used in association with another database. Through GIS, they can be combined to produce a visual image of a variety of interrelation-

ships, greatly improving the ability of park staff to make environmental assessments.

GIS will be used to store information collected from many sources and to update existing databases. This is particularly important as work starts on the Greater Fundy Ecosystem project, a co-ordinated effort of the Canadian Parks Service and adjacent land owners, including the province of New Brunswick, Irving Forest Products and hundreds of individual land-owners in Albert, Saint John and Kings counties. This project will ensure that land use, in particular forest management for pulpwood production, does as little harm as possible to the Fundy National Park ecosystems.

If you had planned your visit to the park area 125 years ago—when the Dominion of Canada was created—what would you have found?

The rugged, forested hills rising out of the Bay of Fundy were settled by the Irish, Scottish and English immigrants only after the more hospitable lands in the surrounding areas of Sussex and Hillsborough had been claimed. A traveller sailing up the bay from Saint John described the coast here as an “iron-bound shore,” with few harbours and only scattered open places for fishing.

Alma Parish it was called then, and the park roads you drive today—the Point Wolfe, Herring Cove, Shepody and Forty-five roads—led through the forest past many a struggling homestead. The strongest ties were with the sea. Villages grew at each natural harbour: Goose River, Point Wolfe, Herring Cove, Cannon Town (now the swimming pool), Alma. The economy was based on fish and lumber, and for most of the 1800s the area bustled with the business of producing lumber and shipping it to ports on both sides of the Atlantic.

HOPEWELL HILL, NEW BRUNSWICK, DOMINION OF CANADA, 1867

“July 1st Monday. Today is a holiday all over the Provinces to celebrate the Confederation of Upper and Lower Canada, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick in one Union. It will be called the Dominion of Canada. Upper Canada is to be called Ontario, Lower Canada will be called Quebec. The others will keep their own names. This is the first day. There is to be an election to elect new members, some to go to Ottawa (the capital), some for the local houses of Government. Honourable A. R. McLellan has been appointed to hold a seat in the Senate for life. Father and Uncle James and I went to Mr. Jamison’s funeral, Mr. Bliss preached. Afterward we went to the coal mines, got dinner at Mr. Byar’s. Very warm.”
Diary (1852-96) of Ann Eliza Rogers, Hopewell, N.B.

The notion of a confederation of Britain’s North American colonies brought dreams that the winter port of Saint John would handle goods destined inland for the new country by means of a promised railway. In Alma Parish, a giant breakwater was begun at Herring Cove. This was to be a terminus for the railroad that was to be pushed through Albert County from Moncton. From there, lumber could be taken by ship to Saint John. But political wrangling and prolonged delays brought the railroad no further than Alma. Instead of lumber, the train carried picnickers to a remote and rugged countryside. Iron spikes in the rocky point at Herring Cove are all that remain of the breakwater today.

In 1867, one surveyor wrote to his superior from deep in the woods near Goose River: “I very much wish you would have the kindness to forward me a sketch of the country. I have to go altogether in the dark.” At Fundy National Park today, good roads, guidebooks, well-informed staff and exhibits will make your explorations a much simpler task.

CHEERS FOR VOLUNTEERS

Last year, 42 people contributed 781 hours of time and effort to the volunteer program at Fundy National Park. Fundy is proud of its volunteers and extends its thanks to all of them.

Volunteer projects are as diverse as the people who engage in them. Last summer, Fundy’s trails benefitted from the work of avid hikers Linda Hersey and Matt Wulfman, who hiked a combined 650 kilometres, reviewed trail signage and conditions, and interviewed some 300 hikers about hiking in Fundy. Campground hosts, guest speakers, interpretive assistants, and the extra efforts of off-duty park staff are all part of our volunteer network. The program operates year-round: the park’s annual cross-country ski loppet would not be possible without hard-working volunteers.

If you’d like to offer your talents and participate in one of our projects, contact the Volunteer Program Co-ordinator, Anne Bardou, at (506) 887-2000.



Beach at Bennett Lake

(Photo: Brian Townsend)

VISITORS TO YOUR PICNIC

While you’re in the park, you may have uninvited guests at your picnic. “Bald-faced” hornets and “yellow-jacket” wasps are likely to inspect your lunch for fruit, cake and pop. These social insects will not sting you unless provoked or accidentally walked upon. Understand their role in the ecosystem and you will be able to both appreciate and tolerate your guests.

Yellow-jackets are the commonest type of paper-making wasp. They build their nests in trees, under the eaves of buildings, in walls or even in holes in the ground. The nest is made of wood fibres from weathered wood or dead trees, chewed and mixed with saliva to form a gluey pulp. Starting as a single cell in spring, the nest expands to the size of a football in the fall.

Throughout the summer, wasps fly out from the nest searching for food. Flies, mosquitoes, gnats, grubs (and perhaps your hotdog!) are on the menu as protein to be fed to the larva growing in each cell. Sweet plant juices (and your soft drink or fruit) provide carbohydrates for energy. In dry weather, when flower nectar may be scarce, wasps are more likely to show up at your table looking for a source of food.

In late fall, the worker wasps raise a generation of females and males capable of sexual activity. These fly out from the nest to mate. The males then die while the fertilized females settle in old logs or other shelter to hibernate. Cold weather kills off the rest of the colony. Only the young queens survive to start new colonies in the spring.

If you discover a nest in a location that may pose a threat to you or other visitors, please let a park staff member know.

THE FUNDY GUILD

This year marks the tenth anniversary of a very special partnership: Fundy National Park and the Fundy Guild. Working together, the Guild's members and park staff have done much to make your stay at Fundy more memorable, enjoyable and informed.

The Fundy Guild is a registered non-profit association which co-operates with the park to promote and interpret its natural and cultural history. You probably know the Guild best from its services at the park's information centres (Wolfe Lake and Alma Beach), where it sells books, souvenirs and nature guides. Some of these publications are also available at the campground kiosks.

What you may not know about is the Fundy Guild's special behind-the-scenes

help. If you have a child who takes part in the summer KIDSTUFF program, thank the Guild: it arranges funding to pay some of the student leaders. A Guild-funded newsletter details the park's wildlife research projects. The autumn Elderhostel program is also under its sponsorship. As well, the Guild has funded historical research and been the driving force behind many special events.

If you'd like to join the Guild, membership is just \$2.00. Guild members receive an annual newsletter, are entitled to a 10% discount on all purchases at the Guild's sales outlets, and are invited to all Guild-sponsored activities. Ask for a membership application at one of the information centres.



Photo: Brian Townsend

CANOE CLINICS AT BENNETT LAKE

Jean Procter is teaching introductory canoeing lessons at the Bennett Lake boat rental concession every Tuesday and Thursday, 10:00 to 11:00 a.m., from July 6 to August 26. These are for adults and children 10 years of age and older. No pre-registration; but there is a \$3.00/person fee. Clinics in more advanced canoe handling are available upon request. For information on these clinics, see the boat rental concessionaire at Bennett Lake or call Jean Procter at (506) 433-4637.

WHERE TO LOOK FOR ANIMALS

Here are several suggestions on where to look for some of the animals that can be seen in Fundy National Park.

Deer: roadsides, old fields, golf course, Administration area.

 Non-golfers walking on the golf course to view deer risk injury and cause disruptions in play. Please do your deer-watching from the Point Wolfe road.

Moose: lakes at dawn or dusk.

RECOMMENDED READING

A Guide To Fundy National Park—a guidebook on all there is to see at the park (\$8.95).

Fundy, Bay of the Giant Tides—the bay and its life captured in photographs (\$6.95).

Moosebirds and Sandpeeps: Birds in and around Fundy National Park—the birds of the park and its environs, including a checklist (\$3.95).

Beach Guide—the plants and animals of Fundy's intertidal zone (\$3.95).

Forest Guide—plants of the Fundy forest (\$3.95).

Fundy National Park Funbook—an activity book for kids (\$2.75).

Fundy National Park Trail Guide—a waterproof topographic map with trail descriptions and profiles (\$4.55).

Plus over 180 other titles, including Audubon, Peterson, Sierra Club and Golden nature guides.

ART IN THE PARK

Meg Woolsey, of Alma, is teaching an art class (on paper-making, paper-marbling and book-binding) for children and teenagers at the Chignecto South shelter every Friday, 1:00 to 4:00 p.m., July 10 to August 21. There is a participation fee of \$5.00/person. Register at the Alma beach information centre. Consult the bulletin boards for information on an art class for adults.

Beavers: Bennett Lake, Laverty Lake, Whitetail trail between Point Wolfe road and Herring Cove.

Salmon: Point Wolfe River, Black Hole pool and pool at the base of The Forks trail on the Upper Salmon River.

Coyotes: old fields, roadsides, sometimes heard calling near the Micmac group campground.

WHAT'S NEW IN FUNDY?

Hostel. Low-cost, bunkhouse-style accommodation in the international hostelling tradition is now available. Take the Point Wolfe Road to the Devil's Half Acre turnoff opposite the golf course. Hostelling Association members \$8.50/night/person; \$14.50/night/family. Non-members \$10.00/night/person; \$20.00/night/family. Open June 1 to Labour Day.

Dickson Falls Trail Extension. A new section of trail approaches the falls from below, along boardwalks and staircases through a rocky gorge. An easier, shorter loop leads to the top of the falls.

Point Wolfe Covered Bridge. A new covered bridge replaces the one accidentally destroyed in 1990. An exhibit, constructed of the timber and sideboards of the old bridge, tells the covered bridge story. The Albert County Heritage Trust's support for the construction of the new covered bridge is commemorated in this exhibit.

Park Orientation Display. Located in the Park Headquarters area adjacent to the Administration building, this new installation provides seasonal information on services, attractions and facilities to orient visitors to the park, no matter when they arrive — day or night, all year round.

Chignecto Campground Reconstruction. Campsites 85 - 156 are out of service this year as more fully-serviced



Dickson Falls from the trail. (Photo: Michael Burzynski)

and electrical/water sites are added to meet the changing needs of Fundy's campers. No heavy equipment will be used during the peak camping months. As always, there are plenty of other campsites available throughout the park.

Upper Salmon River Closed To Salmon Angling. Fisheries and Oceans has announced that the 1992 Atlantic salmon angling season is closed on the Upper Salmon (Alma) River due to a low population of this species. Environment

Canada (Canadian Parks Service) has closed Fundy National Park's portion of this river to salmon angling in 1992 for the same reason.

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Comments?



Fundy National Park

P.O. Box 40, Alma, N.B. E0A 1B0

Your comments, suggestions or criticisms are of concern to us, and help us to improve our facilities and services. Drop off the completed form at any park facility.

Name _____	Date _____
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